

Fisheries and Aquaculture in Egypt



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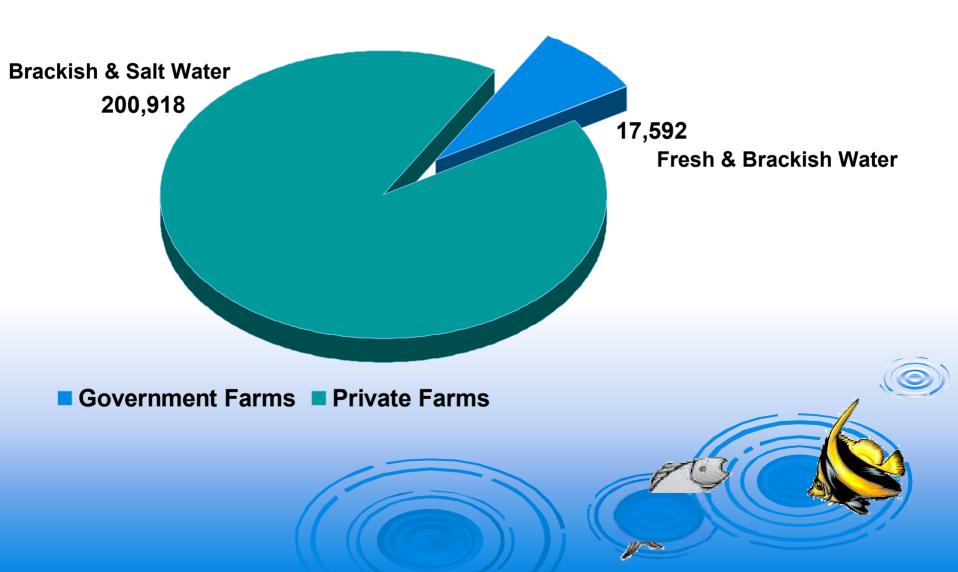
Egypt's Geographical Breakdown:

- Water Boundaries 14 Million Acres.
- This is double the Agricultural Land (6 Million Acres).
- Water Borders:
 - North: Mediterranean Sea
 - East: Red Sea & Gulf of Suez
- Main Internal Bodies of Water:
 - The Nile River, Lake Nasser, Lake Qarun, and Lake Manzala

General Statistics

- Fisheries are about 8% of total Agricultural Production.
- Fisheries are about 22% of total Livestock Production.
- Total Annual Production is about 900 tons.
- Total Annual Production is over \$1 billion.
- Annual Consumption per individual 14 Kg.

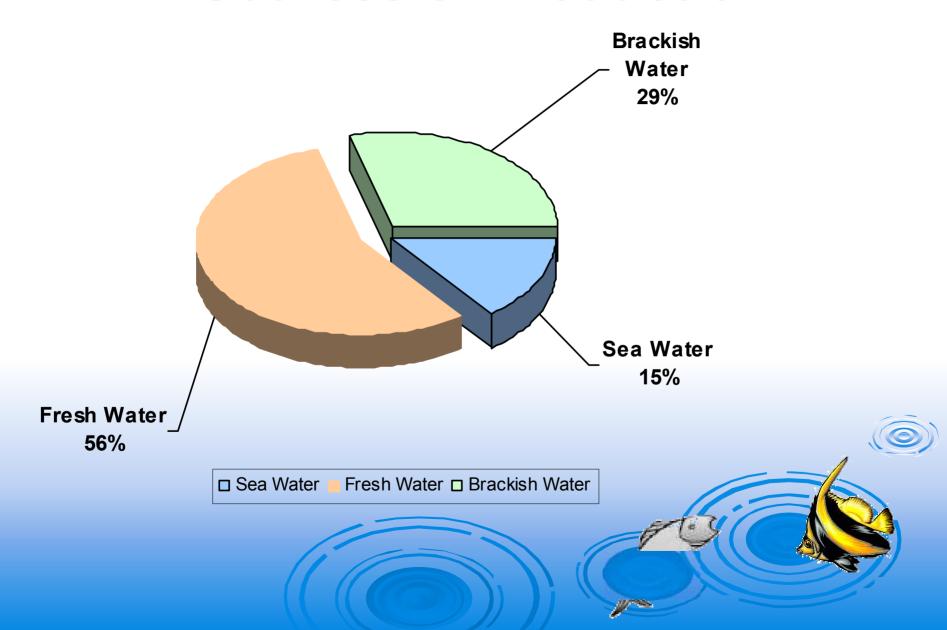
Aquaculture Land Areas in Acres



Fishing

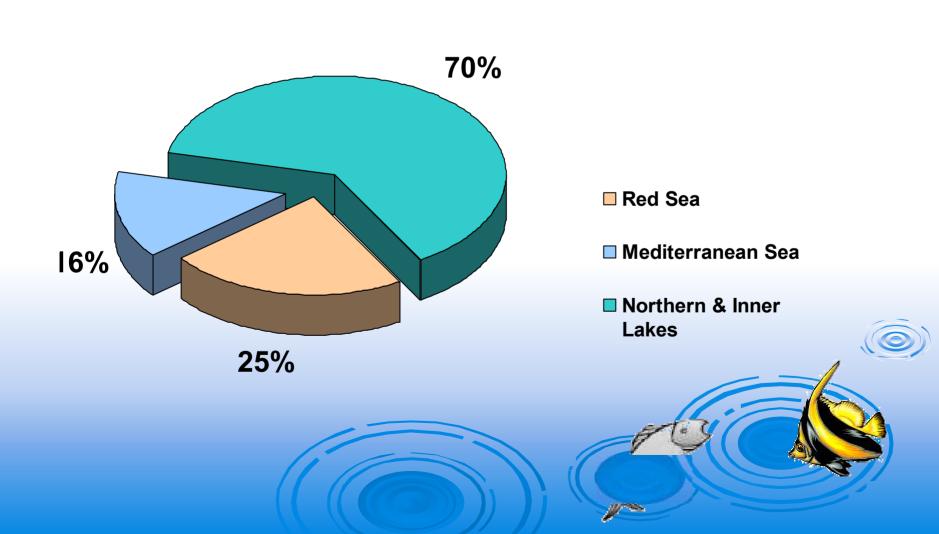
- Total Fishing output is about 453 thousand tons.
- More than 30 species of fish and prawn.
- Landings from the Mediterranean:
 - 21% Sardine, 10% Mullet, and 12% shrimp and crab.
- Landings from the Gulf of Suez and the Red Sea:
 - 24% shrimp and crab, 19% lizard fish and bogue, 12% snapper, 6% sardine, and 2% mullet

Sources of Production



Fishing Locations

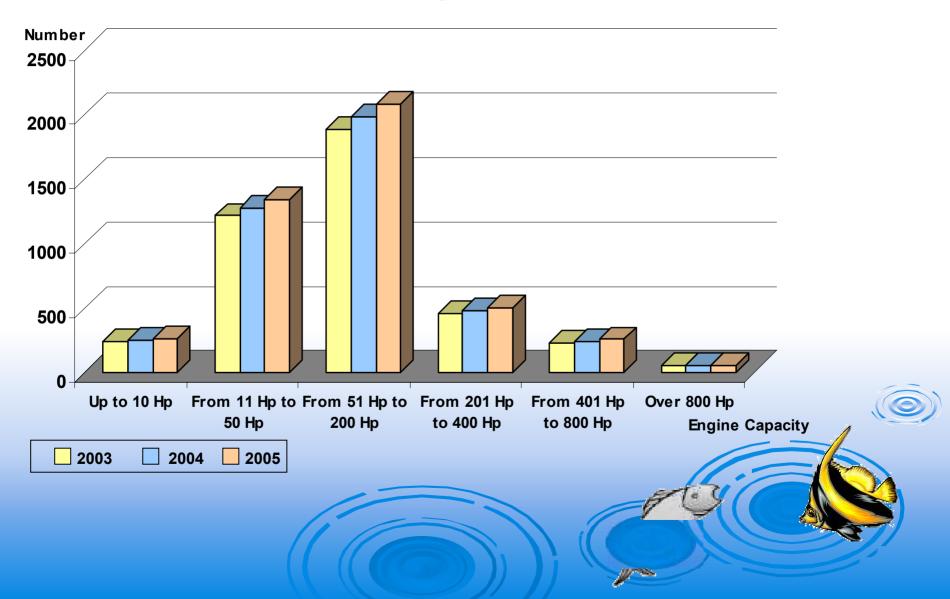
Percentage of Total Fishing Output



Fishing Vessels

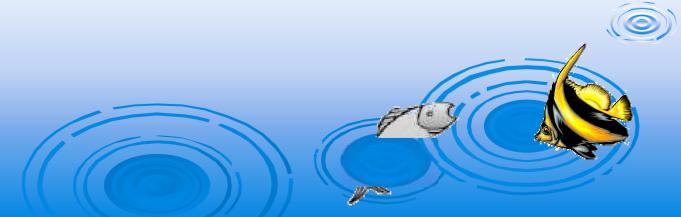
- Located in the Mediterranean and Red Sea
 - 4,089 powered vessels. (Ranging from 10 Hp to over 800 Hp)
 - 2,379 are propelled by sail.
- Located in the Northern and Inner Lakes
 - 79,679 powered and non-powered vessels
- Applied methods include:
 - Trawlers, purse seiners, and hand line fishing
 - Nets are 200 250 m long and 60 m deep.

Fishing Vessels



Methods of Aquaculture

- > Intensive
- > Semi-Intensive
- > Extensive
- Integrated (Rice Farms)



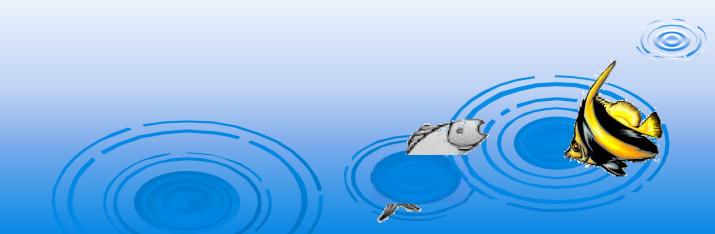
Intensive

- Used mainly by private sector in fresh water.
- Located in the Governorates of Damietta & Kafr El Sheikh.
- Cages anchored in the Nile River and in man-made cement pools.
- Majority of output is Tilapia.
- Total production 33 thousand tons.

Production is 7% of total fisheries production.

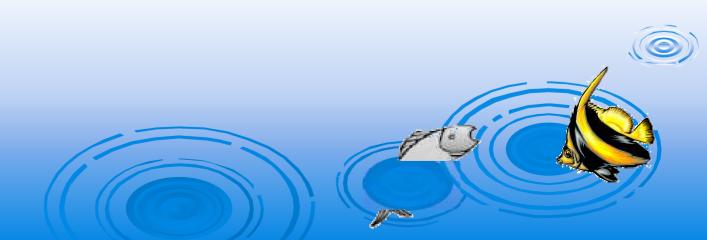
Semi-Intensive

- Used mainly on government farms.
- Used in sea & brackish water.
- Majority of output is tilapia, mullet and carp.
- > Total production 284 thousand tons.
- Production is 64% of total fisheries production.



Extensive

- Used in brackish water.
- Majority of output is tilapia, mullet, sea bream, and sea bass.
- > Total production 111 thousand tons.
- Production is 25% of total fisheries production.

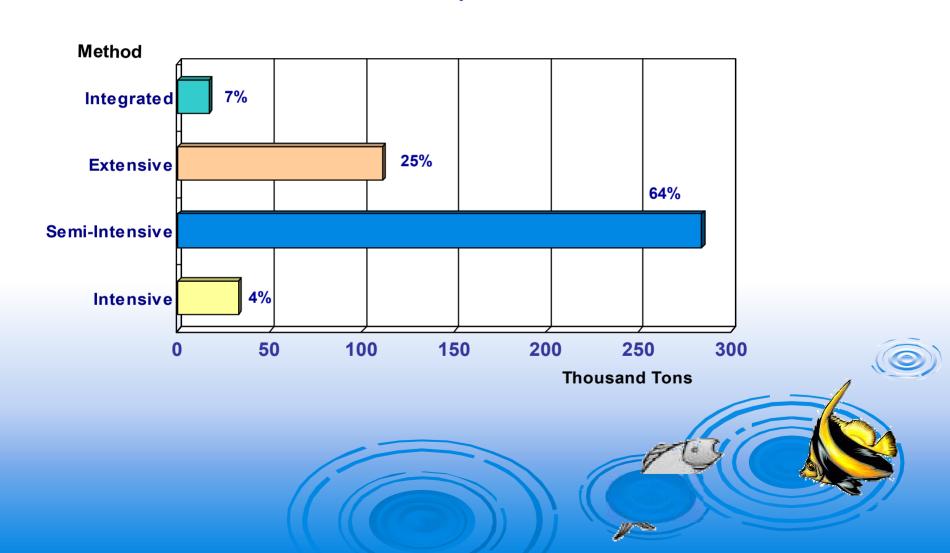


Integrated (Rice Farms)

- Used in fresh water and majority of output is carp.
- There are around 250 thousand acres of rice farms in Egypt.
- Government provides 50 fish per acre not to be fished for a minimum of 100 days.
- Total production 17 thousand tons.
- Production is 4% of total fisheries production.

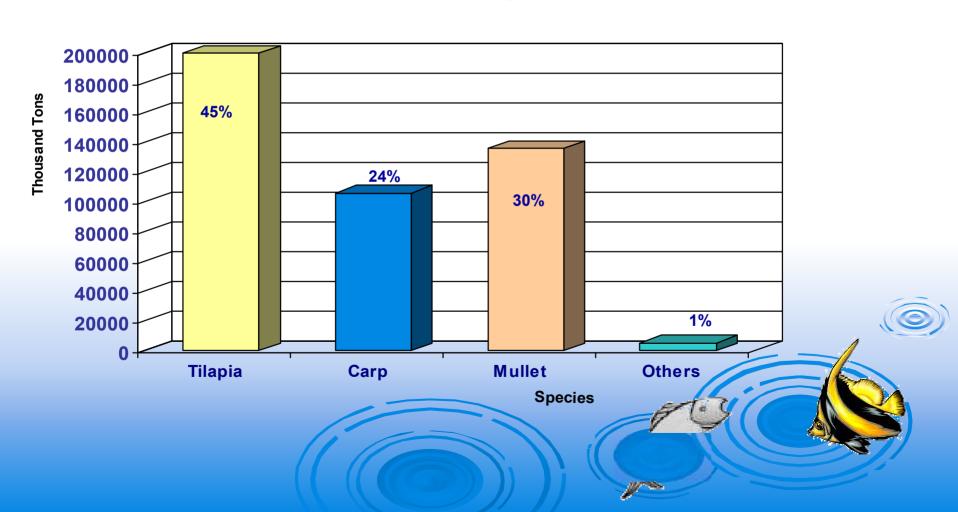
Methods of Aquaculture

Production Output

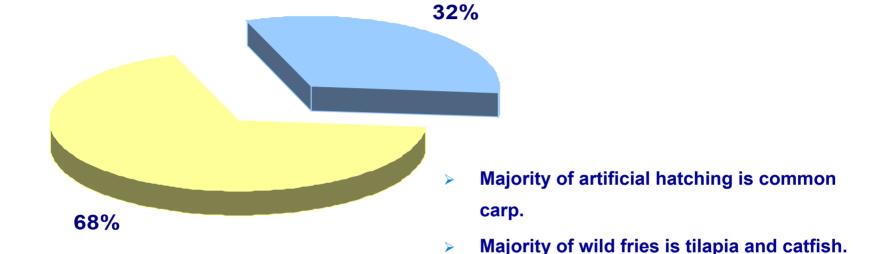


Species of Aquaculture

Production Output



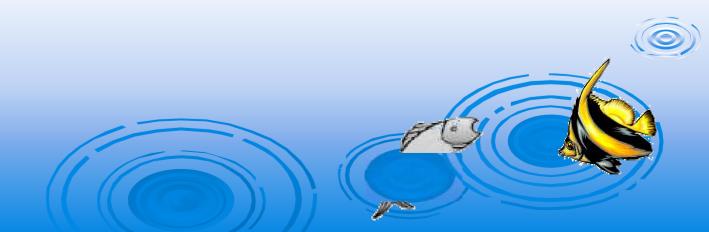
Artificial Hatching and Wild Fries





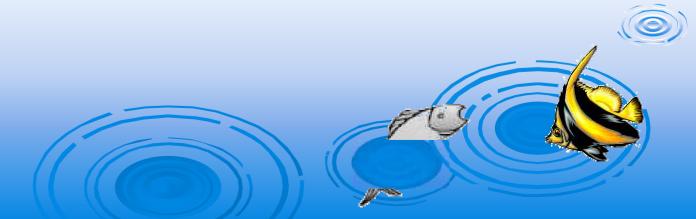
Fish Imports

- > High demand due to rising prices of meat and chicken.
- Increased: 142 261 thousand tons.
- Imports were of 172% of planned amount.
- Domestic production has reduced imports in recent years.



Fish Imports

- Main exporting countries:
 - Spain, Sweden, Holland, Russia, France, and Morocco
- Types of imported fish:
 - Sardine, Mackerel, Shrimp, Tuna and various frozen fish
- Quantity of imported Fish:
 - 165 thousand tons in 1994; increased to 261 in 2003.



Fish Exports

- Main importing countries:
 - Greece, Italy, Holland, Spain, Cyprus, Israel and Arab countries.
- Types of exported fish:
 - Sea bass, Sea bream, Shrimp and Lobster
- Quantity of exported fish:
 - 1,630 tons in 1994; increased to 3,130 tons in 2003.
- Value of exported fish:
 - \$ 7 million in 1994, peaked at \$ 8 million in 1997, reduced to \$ 3 million by 2003.

Labor

- > There are around 208,000 fishermen and skippers.
- Estimated 750,000 employees in packaging and distribution.
- All fishermen are members of The Cooperative Fishing Association. There are 84 branches across Egypt.
- These Associations provide interest-free long and short-term loans.

The General Authority for Fish Resources Development

Aims to raise the consumption per individual through:

- > Enhancing the development of natural fish resources.
- Protecting the environment.
- Periodically clearing the lagoon inlets to prevent silting.
- > Creating awareness of scientific studies.
- > Promoting marine aquaculture.
- Promoting export and import of fish.

The General Authority for Fish Resources Development

Aims to raise the consumption per individual through:

- Facilitating availability of fishing gear at affordable prices.
- Developing the fishing fleet.
- Providing loans to renew high sea fishing vessels.
- Encouraging rice growers to breed fish in rice fields.
- Optimizing usage of water canals and drains for fish

breeding in cages.

Business Opportunities

- > Aquaculture B.O.T. Investment
- Marine mapping surveys and consultations
- Marine and fishing vessel servicing
- Sales of fishing vessels
- Exportation of fishing gear and equipment
- Packaging facilities and machines

Thank You

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